#### COHELETH.

#### KA SOUL

UPON

# Recollection,

Coming into

Incontestible SENTIMENTS

OF.

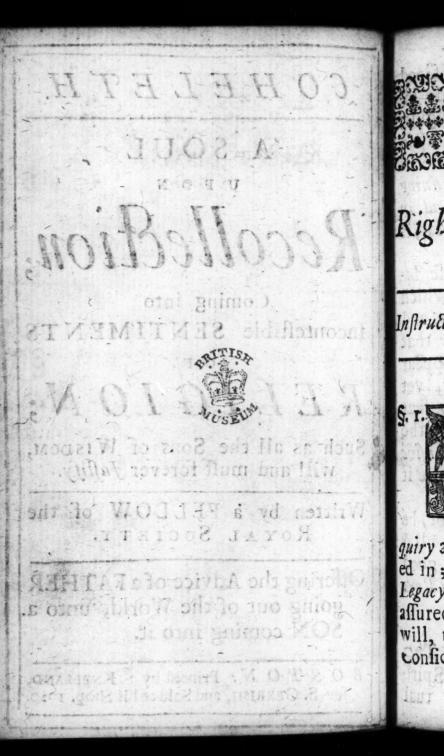
## RELIGION;

Such as all the Sons of Wisdom, will and must forever Justify.

Written by a FELLOW of the ROYAL SOCIETY.

Offering the Advice of a FATHER going out of the World, unto a SON coming into it.

BOSTON: Printed by S. KNEELAND, for S. GERRISH, and Sold at his Shop. 1720.



# SURPRICE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

### Right Sentiments of Religion.

Instructions for a SON of my Loves & Hopes.

S. r. AHA

ASTENING to the Conclusion of my Pilgrimoge, thro' this present Evil World, I am willing to Exhibit the Thoughts, which after much En-

quiry and Experience, I go away confirmed in; and which I Leave as my Best Legacy to my Surviving Friends; Being assured, that be their Quality what it will, they must upon the most thorough consideration, subscribe unto them.

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AND,

AND, if you, ney Son, (for whose Good I more particularly Travail, in these Instructions,) duly entertain these Thoughts, and feel the due impression thereof upon you, while you are yet in the course of Nature, no further from the Beginning of your Pilgrimage, you will abound in that Wisdom and Prudence, which, alas, is too rarely to be met withal.

I am going to fet before you those Incontestible Sentiments of Religion, which all Men mult first or last come into, and which the Wisest of Men, are they that Soonest come into. If it should appear in any fort, A Philosophical Religion, yet it shall be so Evangelical too, as to fear no Censure of a Vain Fhilosophy; and the more it is Examined by the more Pensive and Polite part of Mankind, the more it will be justified.

MI Son, That your Life may not be a continual Walk in the Dark, and fill'd with Works of Darkness, make a good use of that Light whereof the Sweet Rays

are now to fall upon you.

S. 2. I am Apprehensive of this, That there is in me a SOUL, which is of a Spiritual

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Good tual&IntelligentNature; and which does Think, and has a Conscience of a GOD, fe Inand of what is True and what is Just :and which does perform operations, with Reflex Acts as well as Direct ones, which the Brutal World cannot attain unto. Upon this Material, this Terrestrial, Structure of my Body, which had I had no more, must have had no other Life than that of a Beast, I find (and my very Finding of it, is a Proving of it!) that GOD has grafted a SOUL, Endued with Faculties, which carry a Lively Image of their Glorious Creator in them. Of this, am I Apprehensive? Yea, I have a Certainty, which admits of no Dispute about Perception with which it is it

S. 3. I am at a loss, about the Man. ner and Meafure, of the Knowledge, t he wherewith Brutes may be furnished; fill'd Whether they are not meer Corporcal Magood chins, whose Life is their Blood ! Whether the Imperceptible Springs of their Move-Rays ments, are not fuch as leave them Hill void of a Knowledge that has any Degree **Chat** of Reason in it? Whether the Instinct pirithat carries them on to Things that look

Right Sentiments of Religion.

like Rational be not continually acted by a Reason Exteriour to them, and indeed Superiour to that of Man; inasimuch as It is perfect, and exercised in the Perfection of it, as foon as ever the Creatures are formed; and it is always No. ceffarily, and after the same Fashion, that the Guidance is given to them. This is Evident; That Brutes have no Sentiments of Duty to GOD; Nor does it appear a Right Thing to place in any Nature, an Useless Principle; to put a Reasonable Soul, into a Clock, or a Jack, or a Windmil, which can do all that it has to do with out it. If the Soul of Brutes must be judged Immaterial, because of the Senfitive Perception with which it is impowered ; vet is is manifestly destitute of the Intellectual Powers, that should render it a fit Subject for a Moral Government, and enable it for to discen the Obligation of Laws; and understand the Notion of being, An Accountable Creature. What may then become of it in a Separate State, is unknown to me. But this I know, That GOD my Maker, reacheth me more than the Beasts of the

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of Heaven; and intends for me, what He has not intended for those which He has put under my Feet.

S. 4. THERE is nothing in the World more clear to ME, than This; That I have in me a Principle, which does not meerly Receive Ideas's (asaLooking-Glass may Images,) but also Perceive them, and make Remarks upon them; and has a certainty of it self, and of what is done in it felt; yea, A Principle that has an Immense Capacity of Sentiment; and can take in all the Idea's that the Glorious GOD shall please to send into it: An Indivisible Being, and yet what can Embrace and Contain the Universe! No Bounds can be fet unto the Numbers of the Objects, which it can successively take a Cognisance of or have an Acquaintance with.

THE Spiritual and Intelligent Nature of my SOUL, puts it beyond all Doubt unto me, that it is Immortal; and the Death which comes on the Ruin of the Commerce between my Hearte and my Brain, and will make an Havock of my Body; cannot in the least prey upon my

SOUL. I cannot but Subscribe unto what my SAVIOUR has taught me; That which kills the Body cannot kill the SOUL When my Body can serve no longer as an Abode for my SOUL, my SOUL retires from it by the Power which tied it and held it there. But the Spring of my Watch, does not cease to be a Spring, by its being taken out, and ceafing to govern fuch an Engine. Indeed, My Natural Defire and Belief of an Immertality for my SOUL, (which I have in common with all Nations of Men, who feel it, tho' they fee themselves Dying with the rest of Mortals about them every day,) This it felf is a Demonstration of its Immorta-For it is found for ever True, That Natural Inflind is never False; But it always has a Real Object, and it never Deceives Austin ventures to say, Tis GOD Himself. I will fay, 'Tis a Work of GOD; and must be a Work of Truth; can be no Illufion of ri gong .IUO8 vm that it is Immerial 3 5. 5. My SOUL is a Lamp, That forth

and lit up, immediately from the Glorious GOD. I know not how to express fully the Notion of it. But, as on the one

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one fide, I would not speak of my SOUL, as a Part of GOD; so on the other fide, take my SOUL to be such an Emanation from Him, that I may look on Him as more immediately the Father of my Spirit, than of my Itesh. HE tis who forms the Spirit of Man within him; and it proceeds from HIM so Immediately, that there is no Chain of Intermediate Causes between HIM and That; and without Instruction from the Sacred Scriptures we may learn, That We are His Offspring.

from GOD, I find made and left on my SOUL, an Impression wherewith a Return to GOD, is called for. There was a Congruity in it; yea, why should I not say, a Necessity for it? That a SOUL sent forth from GOD, should have an Impression upon it, that shall Acknowledge, There is a GOD, and All possible Homage is due unto Him; and that shall fill it with Appetites which nothing short of an Infinite and Eternal GOD can satisfy. GOD is to my SOUL, what Center is to mine and every other Body. Such a Natural Tendency of the SOUL towards

GOD,

GOD, is the Ground of all the Natural Honesty, which keeps the World in any comfortable or tolerable Circumstances. The Suppression of it, by foolish and faulty Attempts to take up with something else rather than GOD, is the Grand Wickedness of Mankind perishing in its own Corruption; and here will be found the Instrument of an Everlasting Punishment unto them who Dye in their Sins.

S. 7. The Glorious GOD, in His most Unsearchable Wisdom, has (Because it so pleases Him!) Ordered the Union of our SOUL with our Body; and so the SOUL has opportunity to Sojourn for a while in a State of Trial; After which, upon its Return to GOD, it shall receive the Eternal Recompences of its Behaviours in the Time of Trial; Receive according to what it has done, whether it he Good or Bad.

THE Thing to be Tried in the Time of the SOUL'S Union with the Body, is, Whether the SOUL will entirely for get GOD the Creator, and will entirely abandon it felf to Creatures, vainly pursuing and expecting Satisfaction there.

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atural Right Sentiments of Religion. n any or, whether the SOUL will still be for ances. GOD; and Propose a Return to Him, and faul-Employ Creatures but as Means and thing Helps for that Return; and observe the Grand Methods of PIETY, wherein GOD has directed the Sons of Men to Return n its ound unto Him. unish-Consider this, ye that Forget GOD , Lestins. §. 8. THE Glorious Creator of the His His World, having Established the Laws, in ecause the Observation whereof He will have Inion what He Created in the Beginning to be lo the carried on, and His Incomprehensible Ends for a answered, He is, with His Immediate hich. and Perpetual Concourse always at work, ceive for the Execution of those Laws. The iours Providence of the Great GOD who formed rding all Things, is always every where at work, od or with His powerful Influences Executing the Laws, which He has Constituted for me of the Government of all Creatures, and all y, is, their Motions. There is a most obvious For-Instance of this, in the Principle of Grairely vity, or the Attraction of Bodies towards pur. one another, which (no more than fevehere.

never can be Mechanically accounted for.

Whatever

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Right Sentiments of Religion. Whatever we fee done, and how much is it that we fee continually done? by this Principle of Gravity, or the Tendency of Matter towards other Matter. True Philosophy will teach me to make this Acknowledgment upon it; Great GOD, Thou givest thy Matter such a Tendency, and thou keepest it in its Operation. What Inferences of PIETY may be drawn from the Apprehension of our GOD always thus Near unto us; always thus managing all that is done in the World!

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I have no cause to complain; Echold, 1 go forward, but He is not there; and backward, but I cannot perceive Him : on the Left Hand, where He doth work, but I can not behold Him; He hideth Himself on the Philo Right Hand, that I cannot fee Him. sophers have invented several Unintelligible Beings, to carry on the Government of the World. But after all, 'tis plain, that the Infinite GOD, not only has the Springs of this Immense Machin, and all the feveral Parts of it, in His own Hand but also that without His Continual In. Him th

fluences, executing His own Laws (the

Power of Dispensing with which, at His

own Pleasure, He has also reserved unto

Himfelf.) there would nothing be done in the World; the whole Movement would fall to Pieces. What son he

Inexplicable; and that we will begin Re-6. 9. WHILE the Soul remains United unto the Body, their mutual Influences on each other are purely from the Glorious GOD, actually forever at work, according to His own Laws, ( putting His Laws in Execution,) and as the Universal Caufe, producing those Effects, whereof they are but what one may call, The Occasional Causes. The Body, which is Matter in fuch and fuch a Figure, cannot Affect the Immaterial SOUL, nor can the SOUL, which has no Figure, Command the Body; But the Great GOD having established certain Laws; that upon such and such Touches on the Body, the SOUL shall be found fo Affected, and that upon fuch and fuch Desires of the SOUL, the Body shall be so and so Commanded, HE 'tis, who by His Continual Influx does Execute His own Laws; 'Tis to His Continual Influx that the Effects are owing. Tis in Him that we Live and Move and bave our Being. Some of the most Sublime Philo-

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SOUL with the Body, to confist in the Conformity of our Thoughts to what is done in the Body, do well confess, That it is Inexplicable; and that we must have Recourse to a Superiour Power for the Explication of it. Yea, and so you must, Syrs, for the Operation of it.

5. 10. OBJECTS affect our Senfes, and make Impression upon them. Our Senses being fo affected, the Modifications of the Organs produced by them terminate In the Brain, 'Till they terminate there, the SOUL is unconcerned in them. When the SOUL thus perceives what is done to and in the Body, and receives the Reports which are brought thro' the Body to it; there are Sentiments raised in the SOUL. But how come they to be raised there? The Great GOD has fixed a Law that up on fuch and fuch Impressions on the Body, there shall be such and such Sentiments in the SOUL. And it is GOD Executing His Law, who now gives the Sentiments?

WHAT? If there be a Sin against the Glorious GOD in that which the Sentiments, lead unto? 'Tis from the SOUL To consenting unto the Sentiments raised

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in it, as to be upon Motions which the Holy ONE has forbidden, that Sin comes to be conceived. This is what the SOUL must answer for.

When the Body has the fenses thereof Pleased, the Sentiments of Pleasure are now raised in the SOUL. 'Tis the Glorious GOD at work, who raises them.

of Troubled, the Sentiments of Trouble are now raised in the SOUL. Tis the Glorious GOD at work, who raises them.

We have nothing, we enjoy nothing, we suffer nothing, but what comes from Him.

ments in the SOUL upon these Occasions, can do it without them: can do it, when the SOUL shall be under more direct bradiations and Cornscations from Him.

Upon the meer Order of the Will for it, the Body is put into Motion; which yet is under Limitations. Hitherto, and no further! 'Tis not meer Will, that can thus move the B dy. To subject Matter to the pure Empire of the Will, or to make it have no further Dependance, is to advance Will unto the feat which the Man

of Sin would lay claim unto. No; 'Tis the Great GOD, who has fixed the Law, that upon such and such a Desire of the Will, the Body shall come into such a Motion. 'Tis HE at work, who gives the Motion.

S. 11. WHEN the Time determined for it in the Counsel of GOD arrives, the Union of the SOUL to the Body, is disfolved. And as the Time, so the Way, of the Dissolution, is entirely at His Disposal. My Prayer is to the GOD of my Life. HE 'tis who upholds our Soul in Life. 'Tis His Visitation which does preserve our Spirit, and maintain it where, or as it is. And my SOUL does confess, Having obtained Help from GOD I continue to this Day in the Lodging assign'd unto me. But when He takes away my Breath, or stops that Circulation of my Blood, which my Breath serves to carry on, then I Dye, and my Body returns unto the Dust. The Abbreviation of Humane Life unto the Term of the Mosaic Observation, at which it has now itood for Three Thousand Years, is entirely the Work of GOD. The Wife Men of Enquiry, pretending to fearch into

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in fuch a Term of Years, than some Gentlemen, whose Profession 'tis to be the Prolongers of Life, and put by the Mortal passes of the Enemy. But as from the

view of all Men Dying every Day, I am inexcusably stupid, if I do not infer, Lord, I know thou wilt bring me to Death : So, I must also say, I know not the Day of

my Death. My Life is entirely in the Hands of the Glorious GOD. My SOUL

goes upon His Order for it, which I ought, in Dying Daily, to live every Day in the Expectation of; My Days are determined,

the number of my Months is with Thee, O

my GOD.

S. 12. Upon the Diffolution of the Union which holds the SOUL in the Body, the SOUL Returns to GOD; The Spirit Returns to GOD that gave it; and

has GOD now more immediately to converse withal. The Glorious GOD is as

it were the Element, which the unbodied SOUL SOUL is Recall'd and Receiv'd into: Or, to dismiss that Metaphor, for a more Scriptural one; LORD, Theu will be our Dwelling place!

How far we are to apprehend a Transtortation of the SOUL from one Place to another, in this most folemn Return of the SOUL unto GOD, we shall be some what in the dark, until we more fully understand what Place is, and how Place is to be affign'd unto a SOUL. enough, That the True Witness who Delivereth Souls, has affured us, concerning the Departed SOUL, It Lives unto GOD. And, it must be Somewhere. Yea, our SAVIOUR speaks of a Place, which He is gone to prepare for His Followers; And promises them. That when they Fail, which is, when they Dye, they shall be received into Everlasting Habitations: We know, That His own Humane SOUL, did go into a Paradise, on the Day of His Death, and had others with Him there Be fure, if the Departing SOUL carry of fome Fine, Rare, Material Vehicle with it, (fuch as what the Angels do feem cloath ed withab) then the Affignation of a Place unto it, becomes very Intelligible, and the

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the Ministration of Good Angels to convey a fauctified SOUL Thither, ceases to be one of the Things bard to be understood,

Apparitions may then also be accounted

for.

§. 13. A Departing SOUL in Good Terms with the Glorious GOD, finds in HIM, all the Delectable Entertainments to be found in a Garden of Eden; and the Consolations of GOD are not small unto it. The Sentiments of Pleasure, were by the Mediation of Creatures heretofore communicated from GOD unto the SOUL; But they will now come from GOD into it with a more Immediate Communication, All the fatisfaction that has been in vain expected from Creatures, and infinitely more than can be as yet imagined, will be found in the Infinite GOD. Since Creatures are nothing but what GOD makes them to be, we may depend upon it, that we shall find in Him all the Good that He makes them to be; and beyond all Imagination, more. In the Near Approach that we shall now make unto the Bleffed GOD, the Beatifical Vision we shall have of Him, will give us an Erer-

nally Progressive Knewledge, of all those Things with the view whereof a SOUL can be gratified; Especially of those which to know, is Life Eternal. There will be therewithal imprinted from GOD upon the SOUL thus come into the Inneritance of the Saints in Light, the Dispositions of a Will entirely conformed unto Him; and the Mind under most fanctify. ing Impressions from the Fountain of Light will be entirely swallowed up in GOD becoming All in All unto it. From all which there will follow fuch Inconceiveable Discoveries and Expressions of the Divine Love unto the SOUL, as can do no other than afford unto it, a Fuiness of foy, and Pleasures for evermore. O afton thing Felicity! My Soul, Why doft thou not with more vehement Aspirations long to be introduced into it! Go forth, 0 SOUL, Go forth, to enjoy thy true Felicity. Whom bast thou in Heaven but GOD, and what canst thou desire on Earth beside Him?

\$. 14. A SOUL Departing, while it has the Wrash of GOD yet abiding on it, with all the Crimes of its Departure from GOD unpardoned, and the Criminal Enmity

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Right Sentiments of Religion. 19 nity of a carnal mind against GOD, unthose ured, unchanged, unsubdued : SOUL Miserable SOUL! It falls into Hands, thole which it is a fearful Thing to fall into! There Verily, Our GOD will be a consuming Fire GOD o fuch a SOUL. It finds a dreadful Inige-Reception with an Holy and a Righteous Ipofi-GOD. All comfortable views will be unto with-held from fuch a SOUL. Etify. be forever confirmed in its Aversion from Light GOD; and in those Appetites which GOD never can be fatisfied. All the Sentiall nents of Trouble, which could have been nceiaifed in the SOUL, upon a Fire difs of anging the Fibres of the Flesh, or upon can my Torments of the most Grievous Difness ales, and from any Tormenting Engines. 0 invented by the Masters of Torture for the doft Children of Men whom they intend Pain ions: into; The fe, and inexpressibly more and 0, 0 worfe than These, will a provoked GOD city. affe in a wicked SOUL, when it is no and longer clothed with Flesh. It shall not im? be a meer Metaphorical Account thereof, ofay, The wicked SOUL shall dwell it. with a Devouring Fire, and in Everlasting it Eurnings. No, Of the Fire which we om fee entring of Natural Bodies here, (and Enis ity.

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is one of them, ) we may rather fav. Tis but a Metaphor to what shall be felt by a SOUL, which GOD will Trouble, because He holds it for His Enemy. Who can describe the Anguish of a SOUL Troubled at His Presence, and afraid of Him! SOUL, Being warned of GOD, Flee from this Wrath to come!

S. 15. THE SOUL thus Returned unto GOD, shall in His Time, for Purposes which it pleases the Sovereign Lorn who gives none Account of His Mathers, to accomplish, have its Body, but in Circumitances very different from those of the present state, Restored unto it.

THE SOUL, which a Glorious GOD has made a Vessel of Merry, wherein He will have the Riches of His Grace forever glorified, will have the unknown Some thing, that was the Original Seed of its Old Body given back unto it. This Body, our Saviour, who is the Second Alam, and the Father of the Wer'l to come, will Fill up, with an Ethereal Matter which will so mightily Change it, that it shall be Fashioned like unto His Girious Body But how Glorious will this Body be, and what a Sufferin ere Gl

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r say, what a Recompence of our Services and felt by sufferings for our Saviour, while we because here Glorified GOD with our Body! Twill o can se a Vigorous, a Luminous, an Incorruptile Body. It will be able to Mount up w with the Wings of Eagles, It will hine like the Brightness of the Firmament, ind as the Stars for ever and ever. will never undergo any Decay. Perhaps the Light which will Cleath it, will be an rposes sternal Salt unto it; And the Garments of by our First Parents, when they made themselves Naked, will be Restored. The SOUL shall not be Clog'd, but be ose of Help'd by its New Body, in what it has GOD ments of His Kingdom. It shall not be to the SOUL, the least occasion of any Distance from GOD; the least Encumbrance of its always Beholding the Face of

ur Father who is in Heaven. THE SOUL, which must have the tremendous Vengeance of GOD Executed on it, will also have its Filthy Body brought back unto it, when GOD, who has turned Man to Destruction shall please to say, Return, ye Children of Men; That o it may in the Body receive according to what

what it has done in the Body. Of many Things relating to the Raifed Bidy of an Impious Man, we are ignorant. But of this we are informed, That his Body will be accommodated unto the intention, of his undergoing in it a strange Punishment reserved for the workers of Iniquity.

THE Resurrection of our Saviour from the Dead, whereof we have many Installable Proofs, [No matter of Fact in the World ever proved with more Indisputable Demonstration!] This puts the Resurrection of the Dead, both of the July and of the Unjust, which He has in the most Express Terms foretold unto us

beyond all Disputation.

I know that my Redeemer Lives. And know, O my Redeemer, that thou wilt Redeem me from the power of the Grave!

SHALL the Children of the Refurredient then, so know one another, as to Remember who and what their Friends were before Death made a Change upon them? That the Blessed shall have a Knowledge of one another, may not be doubted of Moses and Elias, with Peter and fames and fohn, will have a comfortable Know

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Right Sentiments of Religion. edge of one another. And Reflections may be made with comfort among them, on the Former Things that are passed away. But will Bodily Shapes revive in them a many of an Buto Body Remembrance of one another? Be sure there will not be any Carnal Affections eviwed and remaining in them. Twill be in some Superiour Way, that their Acinten Frange ersof 837 htt maintance will be carried on. Bur among the Glorious Ends of, The R from nfalli Refurrection from the Dead, which is Inn the falibly foretold unto me, I am very par-icularly appris d of This; That it will difpus the e in order to an Appearance in an awful ie Full Day of JUDGMENT, before our Great Saviour, by whom GOD will Judge the in the to us World in Righteousness; whereof He bas ments even Assurance unto all Men, in that He Andl is raised Him from the Least. It Re AT this Time of the Dead that they shall e! e Judged, there will be such a Reward rection given to them who Fear the Name of GOD, ememthat His Oracles represent it as the Time were when the Crown of Righteousness is to be them wledge given unto the Faithful Followers of our ed of DAVIOUR. And Oh! the foy of Harvest, which will be then Enjoy'd, by Fames them who have fewn in Tears, but shall come Know ledge

Right Sentiments of Religion. come again with Rejoycing bringing then sheaves with them. Yea, the Joy, and Accession of Glory will be luch, that our Bible feems to speak of the Departed

Saints, as Longing for the Day, Oh! That Thou our Great REDEEMER wouldest Rend the Heavens; that The wouldest come down! Then will Thou do wonderful Things beyond what we have look Reference from the Dead, which tolbs.

5. 16. BEHOLD, The Conduct of His mane Life, which these Right Thoughts of the Righteous, will oblige all the Living to! The Conduct, which if we be not to wise as before Death to come into, our Epitaph will be, They Dye without Wif-dom: The Conduct, which if the Men who appear never so wise on other Accounts are strangers to, it must be with pitty and contempt said of them, What Wisdom is there in them!

THE very First Thing that I find my felf compelled unto the Confession of, is This; That my chief Care and main Work an this World, must be to provide for the evelfare of my SOUL; To make a Sealo mable Provision, that my SOUL. Return

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Right Sentiments of Religion. ing to GOD at the Sleep of Death, may their lie down in Peace, and have a Safe Dwelling in Him. And in order to this, That t our io my Necessary Return to GOD in the Course of Mortality, may be with Foy & not with Grief, it must by a Voluntary Return parted MER to GOD, in the Methods of PIETY, be The prepared for. The Children of Men, ou do who Are not, and All not, under the e look-Power of fuch an Apprehention, but spend their Days in the Vanity, of only strugg ling how to Live, and relieve the Necessaries of this wretched Life, and listning his of only to the Amusements and Enchant iving ments of this World, and purfying only not lo Secular Interests, may justly have that o, our Rebuke bestowed upon them, Understand bester, ye Bruitish among the People, and Men Fools, when will you be wife? Alas, your r Ac Days drawing apace towards a Period e with mult end in this Lamentation over them What OGlorious GOD, Under thy Wrath are al pur Day's passed away! And Chier to d my aters, and beneater if for Thomfelices and of, is Work §. 17. In my Return to GOD, it is necessary, that I do in a Genuine REPEN or the TANCE bewail the Sin of my Departure Seafo from Him. What, what have I done, as eturn

often as I have finn'd against the Gloricus GOD? It is Charg'd upon me, That I have Denied the GOD that is Above. I am Guilty, of the Crime that is charg'd upon me I have done this, Terrible Thing!

First, That which has led me into all my Sin, has been an Heart, which has rendred it felf, An Evil Heart of Unber tief, Departing from the Living GOD. A finful Disposition in me, to feek the Suin faltion in Creatures, which is to be Expected from none but the Bleffed GOD; and finfully to trespass upon His Everlafting Rules of Righteoufness in doing for This Disposition is come upon me, by the Fust withdraw of GOD and His Grace, from a SOUL, belonging to that Humane Race, which in our First Parents, the proper Head of Mankind, (whose Revolt from GOD is Justly Imputed unto their Offspring) For sook the Fountain of Living Waters, and bewed out for Themselves and Theirs, broken Cisterns, that can hold no Water. Upon which, my SOUL feels the Venemous Influences of the Flesh detived from our First Furenes, whom the Breath

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Right Sentiments of Religion. oricus Breath of the Old Serpent had poisoned but I nd polluted; and my Heart is become a Iam Mother of Abominations ! Oh! the Evil Fin of which proceeds out of an Heart, fo defme. I perorely Wicked! This my Original Sin. THE continually bewail with a most Bitter enfe of it. The most Bitter Things. into han have a Tendency to Extinguish in h has me the Lufts of it, are on that Score Unber Velcome Things to me. The Remainders Aieit fit, which will dwell in me till I Dye, Satis ne to me more Bitter than Death. 2 wir Ex Tays unto ine. Oh! Do wer wis Abomin OD; Bur then, Reflecting on my Adul Ever-Enormities, which have issued from this ng fe. Corrupt Spring, I discover a Malignity In y the my Sin, which is to be the perpetual irace, Matter of my Lamentation and my Demane testation. The Glorious GOD complain'd the of old, Thou hast made me to Serve with evolt by fins, thou hast wearied me with thine initheir quities. The Complaint of Heaven is iving Renewed as often as I have Sinn'd. My s and Sin has put upon the Glorious GOD, the ld no Indignity of serving with my Sins. The feels Established Concurse with which the Gloh detions GOD as an Universal Cause is aln the ways Executing the Laws of Nature, is Breath C. 3 .

In my Sins prostituted unto the Vile Pur it is, to poses, which are infinitely offenfive to Eterna Him. If any Object afford me any De GOD light, it is GOD who makes me sensible Men. of it. Now in every sinful Delight, the De have applied the Influences of the Glori from C ous GOD, unto purposes which are a SAV Abomination to the Lord. When I go forth GOD, unto any Action, it is GOD who Enables One Pe me unto it. Now in every Sinful Allion Kindly I have applied the Influences of the Glo termost rious GOD, unto Purposes whereof He could e fays unto me, Oh! Do not this Aboming the Pu bie Thing ! Such an Indignity offered my Sin unto the Holy GOD, what Revenges are wine fa due unto it! How justly may it be Re tion to venged with fore Plagues and of long con the Sa fuch Considerations are to operate, and than if throw me into a Golly Sorrow. 'Tis non Created but a Repenting SOUL, that may look to Burnt-Offind Mercy with GOD. My GOD, I at ful Saer forry for my Sin: Asham'd that ever I have 0 my G ann'd against thee.

5. 18. But this Repentance must be same to accompanied with a Lively Faith in the by putt mighty and only Saviour, whose Work HeHim

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rust be same time, Fulfilling all Righteousness, in the by putting Himself under the Law which Word HeHimself had made, and yielding a most

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Exact Obedience unto it. Because I durff not appear without a most Perfect Right reoufness before a GOD who is of Purer Noble . Eyes aban to behold Iniquity, I Lay Holl on this wonderful Righteoufness of One who is not less than the Infinite GOD, as provided for me, and upon my Renouncing all Dependance on any Merits of my own, the Merits of That are imputed unto me, and Reputed as mine. Lord, I will make mention of thy Right. ou [ne s, even of Thine only, that I may be Justified before thee.

6. 19. My SAVIOUR fulfilling for me the Good Pleasure of His Godness, not only Reconciles the Glorious GOD unto me, but also Converts me from the Error of my way, and Quickens me to Live unto Him. I must be at no Rest, until I find that Root of the Righteous, the Love of GOD, planted in my SOUL, and the Branches of all PIETY growing uponvit. 20 or , 9301 mg

My SOUL must have such a GODward Biass upon it, that I must Chuse the Things that please Him; and make it my Principal and Perpetual Aim, That

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the Glorious GOD may be gratified in the piew that He shall take of my Acknowledging Him in all my ways. And this work Design being once formed in me, in must be often Renewed in Adual Repetitions, and hispirit Applications of it: I must have what I do still animated with such a Thought as this; The Glorious GOD is to be Obey'd and Adord in what I have now to do.

My Life must be filled with Acts of Homage unto GOD; The Acts of a Mind paying a Respect unto GOD are to be interwoven into my whole Conversation; and so I must be Holy in all manner of Conversation.

EVERY Thing which the Light of 60D in me condemns as an Evil Thing, I must Abhor it, Avoid it, Abstain from all Appearance of such an Evil:

ALL this while Lmust Remember, that thave the Eye of GOD upon me; He knows the Way than I take; and the continual Remembrance of this, must make an awful Impression upon me.

My Relish for my Enjoyments, must be sweetened by the Help which they yield me for the secing and the serving of GOD:

GOD: and I must confidenthem, as no on a other than what COD makes them to florior be; Nothing without GOD; But GOD look u oble without Them to Supply all my wants: have I Thus Trusting not in these Uncertain Hand Things but in the Living GOD. Of the Thee I Good Things which I Enjoy, It would have merce the Chief Good Still to be the Good I Shall innce do with them; And therefore upon each imperfe of my Good Things, I would feriously En Exc quire. What foull I do for the Glorious GOD, fitions who has bear ufted me with Sucha Tulent! for Da fait at Alind paying a Respect ante GOD are to be

WHILE I make these Essays for Ghry and Obj to GOD in the Highest, I must maintaina Men m Good Will towards Men. The Glorious there 1 GOD, having placed me among the Chileman for Endear'd unto i me, by the Image of Qimy GOD, which may be seen upon him squences and h must wish to be the Instrument of dispose conveying Favours from GOD unto him Thee fit Fait of Goodness, I must consult the Web daily I fare of Mankins, whereof I am a Mem thus disher; and suppress every Motion of me! Malice towards my Neighbour; yea, Do him all the Good I can, and forever it 5. 20 unto bim as I would own it fair for him to are to do unto me.

iem to florious CHRIST not forgotten da mult t GOD bok up to my SAVIOUR, that I may wants: have Affiftance from Him in all that my certain Hand finds to do; for, Lard, without Of the Thee I can do nothing! And that His d have mercession may obtain for it an Accep-I shall sance with GOD, notwithstanding the each Impersection that cleaves unto it. ly En Except my SOUL have these Dispo-

GOD, fitions in it, I am utterly unqualified for Dwelling in the Presence of the LORD. In these Things, and not in the Exter-Glary nel Observations, wherein the Worst of taina Men may as much abound as the Best, orious there lies that Holiness without which no

Chil man Shall fee the Lord.

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im to

ge of Omy SAVIOUR, For the Gracious Inhim funces of thy Holy SPIRIT, that shall no of dispose me to these Things, I keep crying to web daily Trying whether I can find my felf Mem thus diffes d by thy Good Hand upon me! 011 (01 duy Hims stand that the Temperison

§. 20 THE Living do know that they are to Dye. And I know, that I am just

Right Sentiments of Religion. Ri 34 just going to Dye, and very much ito I we bave done with Creatures. A Death to Things Creatures, and the Memification of my Eye; a Appetites to them, is a very Necessary in will part of my Preparation for it part of my Preparation for it. when en - I Dye Daily; and I would Every Day to ever may not be any Last and my Time Every now the come : For, Man knoweth not unto the I Labour to look on the Things of ever in This World, as a Dying Man. And I Sun: 1 often think, How would to se Things ap 60D, pear to me, if I bad the Agonies of my no loss I Tremble at the Thoughts of being Thus herded among the Men of this World, become who have their Partion in this Life; and become having it hereafter faid unto me, Son, I wo Remember that thou hast in thy Life-time fires o received thy Good Things. rows of WHEN any Creatures Tempt me to if I ha Sin against the Glorious GOD, I desire, meet v that I may be as the Dead who knowner hood, any Thing; and that the Temprations ments may prevail no more upon me, than if Duty to

a Dead Man were address'd unto. than T

Wile

ch no I would look on all the Desireable gib to Things of the Earth, with a Sacrificing of my Eye; and be full of Sacrifices. Lerd, I cessary in willing to part with all my Good Things, when ever it shall be thy Good Pleasure to call for any of them. I am willing to forey Day to every Thing which Thou wilt have me to er it so without. If Thou wilt have me strips of Time Every Thing, as one who Returns naked b not unto the common Mother; and left like the lead, who have not any more a Portion forgs of over in any thing that is done under the Sun: Lord, I Sabmit unto it. Be Thou my And I 60D, Let thy CHRIST be my Portion, and gs apof my no loss of any Creatures can make me mifetable.

being Thus Every Thing, but a CHRIST, World, becomes as a Dead Carcofe to me; and I sand become Dead unto every Thing but Him.

Son, I would be Dead, not only to the Com-

Son, I would be Dead, not only to the Comfe-time first of this Life, but also to the Sorrows of it. And if I suffer Bodily Diseases, ne to if I have Poverty pinching of me, if I

defire, meet with Bad Usages in my Neighbour owner hood, I would have just such Resent ations ments of them as GOD has made it my han if Duty to have. As to any thing further than That, I would Resent them no other

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wife than a Dead Man does the Injuries that are done unto him.

I would be willing to Dye, whenever the Glorious GOD shall give His order for it. Lord, My Life is continually in my band; Ready to be offered up, when-ever thou shalt order it? Oh! why should I

be loth to go unto GOD, my Exceeding

Foy!
WHEN GOD gives me any Sentiments of Pleasure from Creatures, I would have these Thoughts raised upon it. How Good is the GOD, who thus Entertains me with His Bounties! And, Oh! what Shall I find in my GOD when I have done with GOD. all these Entertainments! And, Let none of the Things bere below so bewitch me, as to make me unwilling to go from them all, and come unto thee. O my GOD. GOD 1

WHEN GOD gives me any Sentiments of Trouble from Creatures, I would have these Thoughts raised upon it; My GOD would thus wean me from a World, which He so Embitters to me. And, My Father, At thy Hand I will patiently take the Bitterest Cup which is brought unto me! And, Ob! Let the Things which for the present

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preciou How, G n. Right Sentiments of Religion! njuries we not Joyous but Grievous, ofierwards yield me the peaceable Fruits of Righteenever form ogreentle Thughes of 10! residu order OUR : His Glories : His Maxime in my 8. 21. I confider this; Returned unto n-ever GOD, I shall Be with CHRIST, which is ould I much more Better than too Abide in the eeding Hest; And it is by being present with the LORD, that I shall be brought into ments the Fruition of the GOD whose Fulness have lam to be then filled withalm My Ade How mirable SAVIOUR has proposed This, as r.s me the Ultimate and Confummate Felicity t Shall of His Followers 3 An Union with with 60D. O my SAVIOUR, Tiss in and by t none Thee, that I shall be United unto GOD, and ne, as It is a CHRIST who will bring me to n all. the Vision of GOD, and when Glorious nogod GOD thining on me thro' His CHRIST, will Posses me, will Embrace me, will ments Satisfy me with affonishing Expressions have of His Everlasting Love unto me. GOD To prepare for this Bleffedness, it which mult be my Endeavour Now to Converte ather, with a Glorious CHRIST continually; e Bitand I should become able to fay, How And, precious are thy Thoughts unto me, UGOD! resent How Great is the Sum of them ! arc

I would watchfully lay hold on the Occasions, which occur continually, to form agreeable Thoughts on my SAVI-OUR; His Glories; His Maxims; His Patterns; What He bas done for His People; and what He will do for them.

WHEN I can be the Instrument of bringing such Thoughts into the Minds of others, I would be glad of the Opportunities, as Treosures unspeakably Enriching of me.

And thy Thoughts one the Salt of my Life!

of my Life, to shew forth the Praises of the SAVIOUR, who is ONE GOD with the Eternal FATHER and the Eternal SPIRIT, and who calls me out of Darkness into a Marvellous Light middle (10)

would be Apprehensive of my SAVIOUR, Directing me, and Strengthening me, to do what I do and of GOD from a Mercy-Seat in Him Communing with me; and of my being Accepted in that Reloved One.

WHATEVER Employment I am about, I would be able to fay, I am Employ'd by and for Thee, O my SAVIOUR!

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lwould keep Looking to Him, till I am transformed unto His Liken fs. But, What, what wilt thou do, O Dear SAVI-OUR, for a SOUL whom thou dost find made like unto thee?

THE Displays of Infinite Powers and

THE Displays of Infinite Power, and Wisdom, and Goodness, which I see in the Works of Greation, shall carry me to my SAVIOUR, by and for whom all Things were Created: and in whom there is the Archetype of all.

WHATEVER I fee Giorious in any D 3 Great

chem, To see all the Glory transcendently in Thee, O my SAVIOUR.

Whatever I fee done in the Works of Providence, I will call to mind, he is my SAKIOUR on the Throne of GOD, who is the Doer of It.

whether it be a Comfortable Thing, or a Colomitous Thing, I will Enquire, What were the Ends of my SAVIOUR in this Dispensation: And how shall I answer thems If I meet with any Sad Things, I would yet have my Spirit rejoycing in GOD my SAVIOUR: And calling to mind, I have a Glorious CHRIST, who Reconciles me to GOD, and Pleads the Causes of my SOUL, and has my SOUL in His thealing Hands, and orders my whole Condition for me, and will bring me safe to the Spiritual Bloshings in the Heavenly Places: Now I will be

IF I have been any while without the Enlivening Thoughts of my SAVIOUR, I would Rebuke my felf, and Return to fuch Thoughts, and with an uneasy Soul cry out, O my SAVIOUR, I cannot Live at a Distance from Thee!

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Having thus conversed, with my SA-WOUR All the Day Long, I would use to fall Assept in the midst of some Thoughts on Him; and Meditate on Him in the Night Watches. This would I do, as a Figure and Earnest of my Sleeping in fESUS, when I pais into the state of the Dead.

S. 22. Finally. My Temper and Carriage towards the People in the World I am going from, will be confidered in the World I am going to. If I study to do what I can, that This may be a Good

World, and all about me in it fare the buter for me, I shall undoubtedly find That a Good World, which I am quickly

very studious to make as Right an use as lean of the Opportunities to do Good, which lam here Enrich'd withal, but grievously

confined and encumbred in my improvement of them, who can tell what aftonishing Opportunities to Do Good, I may

Enjoy in the Kingdom of GOD, where Satan will be bound, and Envy be forever banished, and my Opportunities will not

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molesting of them? The Men who Devise Good, will have Good and Great and Strange Things done by the Mercy and the Truth of their SAVIOUR for them in that Strong City, where He will shew His Marvellous Kindness to them.

WHEREFORE, As I must have my SOUL purified from Every Disposition to do so much as Wish III, unto any Person in this World, so I must with Alacrity and Assiduity, as I have Opportunity, do Good unto all.

In the Profecution of this Noble Intention, why should I not often, often! Employ my most inquisitive Thoughts upon that Enquiry What Good Shall I do to those that are about me? I am to be tharp in the Search after the Opp riunities to do Good, with which the Glorious LORD has Furnished me and Entrufted me, and be Solicitous, that my Talents may not lie by neglected thro my flothful Inadvertency. Yea, Lamto look on my Opportunities to Do Good, as Invaluable Treasures; Bless the GOD of all Grace for bestowing them upon me, and be Thankful to any Instrument, any Monitor molettieg

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De- Menitor, by whom it shall please Him and to make me sensible of them. THAT I may Enquire the more Effectuand

ally after my Oppertunities to Do Good, hem it is requifire, that belides my Daily Shew Thoughts of this Importance, [ And 35 27

be sure, There are Men in some Circumfances, who should count it a pitty, that any one Day, should pass them without some Contrivances to Do Good brightening

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of it; or fcarce ever come into any Gomipany without contriving that they may

he Edified! ] there should be, as indeed for every other Good Work, a TIME fer apart on Purpose for it; A TIME al-

low'd and allign'd; a stated Hour, that will recur in fuch or fuch a Period, THEN with Wisdom to find out the Know-

ledge of well-alvised Inventions.

THE Matter is to be handled wifely, and

with Particular Applications. 'I'is proper for the Charity to begin ut

bome; and in Doing of Good, I must provide first for my own, Especially for these of my own house. GOD having United my SOUL to my Boly, He has ordered

me, in some Regards of Natural Affects any on, to diffinguish those, whom He has given AND

wiven me the nearest Bodily Relation to. Why may not I take a Catalogue of my several Relatives, (my Kindred according to the Flesh,') and so have my TIME to Think upon each of them, In what soint may I prove a Blessing to such a Relative?

I may then pass on, to take a view of the several Societies, whereto I stand Related; Especially, the Church whereof I am a Member, yea, the Town & Land whereof I am an Inhabitant; and have my Time to Think, What Good may be proposed and promoted here? O Good Alan, To what an Extent may thy Projections earry thee?

Farticular Persons in my Neighbour-hood are to be found out, as Objects that Good may be done unto: The Poor for to be Relieved; the Sick for to be Visited; the Sad, for to be Comforted; (that the Widow and Orphin especially, may have their Hearts to sing for joy!) and those that are out of the way, to be reclaimed from the Error of their Wiy. Many of these will grove Monsters of Ingratitude; But, O my SOUL, Do God for the pure sake of Good.

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Good are greatly Limited, I would have my TIME to Think, What Good lying out of my reach may I see others capable of toing more than 1? Thereupon be an hum-

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In this way of Living, I would not be b vain, as to think of Recommending my fif to the Faveur of This World. A Sedulous Doer of Goal unto all Men will certainly find himself more Expos'd than other Men, to be ill spoken of; greatly Maligned, Reviled, Slandered; ever now and then unaccountably [ Yes, In the Invisible World there is to be found an Acount of it '7 affaulted with Storms

of causeless and senseless obloquies. But, O Servant of GOD, Thouart an Expettant

of Another World!

I will Die bearing this Testimony. No Sensual Gratifications of Carnality, no, nor the more Sublime ones of Erudition, are comparable to the Satisfaction of Doing a Kindness to a Miserable Neighbour; much leis may they be compared

cy!) o be Wy. unto that of giving a more General Help unto the Miseries under which Mankind God are generally Languishing.

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MI So, Reg n Betimes to Do Good in thy Little Sphere. And let thy Motto be, HABENTI DABITUR: who knows how far the Circles may grow? Thy Latter End Shall greatly increase.—

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In the way of this PIETY, would I be able to fay, O Lord, I have waited for thy Salvation. And my Anhelations are, Oh! when wilt thou come unto me! My SON, Consider these Things, and GOD thy SAVIOUR, give thee Understanding in all things.

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